

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION POLICY

POLICY: Oncology – Brukinsa Prior Authorization Policy

• Brukinsa® (zanubrutinib capsules – BeiGene)

REVIEW DATE: 05/04/2022; selected revision 06/22/2022

OVERVIEW

Brukinsa, a Bruton's tyrosine kinase inhibitor (BTK), is indicated for the treatment of the following uses: 1

- Chronic lymphocytic leukemia or small lymphocytic lymphoma, in adults.
- Mantle cell lymphoma, in adults who have received at least one prior therapy.
- Marginal zone lymphoma, relapsed or refractory, in adults who have received at least one anti-CD20-based regimen.
- Waldenstrom's Macroglobulinemia, in adults.

Guidelines

Brukinsa is discussed in guidelines from the National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN):⁴

- **B-Cell Lymphomas**: NCCN guidelines (version 5.2022 July 12, 2022) address marginal zone lymphoma and mantle cell lymphoma.² The guidelines recommend Brukinsa as a preferred regimen among several as second-line and subsequent therapy (category 2A) for marginal zone lymphoma for patients who have relapsed/refractory disease after at least one prior anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody (mAB)-based regimen. There is a footnote which states to consider alternative Bruton tyrosine kinase inhibitors (Calquence[®] [acalabrutinib capsules] or Brukinsa) in patients with intolerance or contraindications to Imbruvica[®] (ibrutinib tablets or capsules) [category 2A]. For mantle cell lymphoma, Brukinsa is a preferred regimen for second-line or subsequent therapy (category 2A). There is a footnote that states that Brukinsa or Calquence has not been shown to be effective for Imbruvica-refractory mantle cell lymphoma with *BTK* C481S mutations. Patients with Imbruvica intolerance have been successfully treated with Brukinsa or Calquence without recurrence of symptoms.
- Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia/Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma: NCCN guidelines (version 1.2023 August 30, 2022) recommend single-agent Brukinsa as preferred first-line therapy for patients without 17p deletion/TP53 mutation (category 1) and with 17p deletion/TP53 mutation (category 2A). Brukinsa is also recommended as second-line and subsequent therapy for patients with or without 17p deletion/TP53 mutation (category 2A).³ In the second-line and subsequent therapy setting, there is a footnote, which states that Brukinsa or Calquence have not been shown to be effective for Imbruvica-refractory chronic lymphocytic leukemia with BTK C481S mutations. Patients with Imbruvica intolerance have been successfully treated with Brukinsa or Calquence without recurrence of symptoms (category 2A).
- Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia/Lymphoplasmacytic Lymphoma: NCCN guidelines (version 1.2023 July 6, 2022) recommend single-agent Brukinsa as a primary preferred therapy (category 1).⁵ The guidelines also recommend Brukinsa as a preferred therapy option for previously treated disease (category 1). Brukinsa is also recommended for symptomatic management of Bing Neel Syndrome as a preferred regimen (category 2A).

POLICY STATEMENT

Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of Brukinsa. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below.

Automation: None.

RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of Brukinsa is recommended in those who meet one of the following criteria:

FDA-Approved Indications

- 1. Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia. Approve for 1 year if the patient is ≥ 18 years of age.
- 2. Mantle Cell Lymphoma. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (A and B):
 - A) Patient is \geq 18 years of age; AND
 - **B)** Patient has tried at least one systemic regimen.

<u>Note</u>: Examples of a systemic regimen contain one or more of the following products: rituximab, dexamethasone, cytarabine, carboplatin, cisplastin, oxaliplatin, cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin, vincristine, prednisone, methotrexate, bendamustine, Velcade (bortezomib intravenous or subcutaneous injection), Revlimid (lenalidomide capsules), Imbruvica (ibrutinib capsules and tablets), or Calquence (acalabrutinib capsules).

- **3.** Marginal Zone Lymphoma. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets the following criteria (A <u>and</u> B): Note: Marginal zone lymphoma includes gastric MALT lymphoma, non-gastric MALT lymphoma, nodal marginal zone lymphoma, and splenic marginal zone lymphoma.
 - A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - **B)** Patient has tried at least one systemic regimen.

<u>Note</u>: Examples of a systemic regimen contain one or more of the following products: bendamustine, rituximab, cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin, vincristine, prednisone, Revlimid (lenalidomide capsules), Gazyva (obinutuzumab intravenous infusion) or Imbruvica (ibrutinib tablets and capsules).

- **4.** Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma. Approve for 1 year if the patient is ≥ 18 years of age.
- 5. Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia/Lymphoplasmacytic Lymphoma. Approve for 1 year if the patient is ≥ 18 years of age.

CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of Brukinsa is not recommended in the following situations:

1. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

REFERENCES

- 1. Brukinsa[™] capsules [prescribing information]. San Mateo, CA: BeiGene; January 2023.
- 2. The NCCN B-Cell Lymphomas Guidelines in Oncology (version 5.2022 July 12, 2022). © 2022 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: http://www.nccn.org. Accessed on January 20, 2023.
- 3. The NCCN Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia/Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2023 August 30, 2022). © 2022 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at http://www.nccn.org. Accessed on January 20, 2023.
- 4. The NCCN Drugs and Biologics Compendium. © 2022 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: http://www.nccn.org. Accessed April 27, 2022. Search term: zanubrutinib.

Oncology – Brukinsa PA Policy Page 3

5. The NCCN Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia/Lymphoplasmacytic Lymphoma Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2023 – July 6, 2022). © 2021 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at http://www.nccn.org. Accessed on January 20, 2023.

HISTORY

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Review Date
Annual Revision	Mantle Cell Lymphoma: A requirement was added that the patient is ≥ 18 years of age. The requirement that the "patient has tried at least one prior therapy" was	06/30/2021
	reworded to the "patient has tried at least one systemic regimen."	
	Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia: A requirement was added that the patient is ≥ 18	
	years of age. The requirement that the "patient has tried at least one prior therapy" was	
	reworded to the "patient has tried at least one systemic regimen."	
	Marginal Zone Lymphoma: Indication and criteria were added to other uses with	
	supportive evidence based on NCCN guideline recommendations.	
	Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma: A requirement was added that the patient is ≥ 18	
	years of age. The requirement that the "patient has tried at least one prior therapy" was	
	reworded to the "patient has tried at least one systemic regimen."	
	Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia/Lymphoplasmacytic Lymphoma: Indication	
	and criteria were added to other uses with supportive evidence based on NCCN	
	guideline recommendations.	
Update	9/7/2021: No criteria changes. The approval condition of Waldenstrom	N/A
	Macroglobulinemia/Lymphoplasmacytic Lymphoma was moved from Other Uses	
	with Supportive Evidence into FDA-Approved Indications based on the indication	
	being added to FDA labeling.	
Update	09/17/2021: No criteria changes. The approval condition of marginal zone lymphoma	N/A
	was moved from Other Uses with Supportive Evidence into FDA-Approved	
	Indications based on the indication being added to FDA labeling.	
Early Annual	Marginal Zone Lymphoma: The requirement that according to the prescriber, the	05/04/2022
Revision	patient has intolerance or contraindication to Imbruvica (ibrutinib capsules or tablets)	
	was removed.	
	Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia: The requirement that the patient has tried at least	
	one systemic regimen was removed.	
	Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma: The requirement that the patient has tried at least one systemic regimen was removed.	
Selected Revision	Mantle Cell Lymphoma: The duration of approval was changed from 3 years to 1	06/22/2022
	vear.	00/22/2022
	Marginal Zone Lymphoma: The duration of approval was changed from 3 years to	
	1 year.	
	Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia/Lymphoplasmacytic Lymphoma: The duration	
	of approval was changed from 3 years to 1 year.	
	Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia: The duration of approval was changed from 3	
	years to 1 year.	
	Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma: The duration of approval was changed from 3 years	
	to 1 year.	
Update	01/20/2023: Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia: Condition of approval was moved from	
	Other Uses with Supportive Evidence and into the FDA labeled indications section due	
	to new FDA approved indication.	
	Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma: Condition of approval was moved from Other Uses	
	with Supportive Evidence and into the FDA labeled indications section due to new	
	FDA approved indication.	